

U.S. Geological Survey Streamgaging in Montana – Network Funding

Kirk Miller and John Kilpatrick Wyoming-Montana Water Science Center

> Prepared at the request of the Montana Streamgage Oversight Work Group, August 12, 2020

Background

Desired Outcome - Work Group understands:

- How the USGS network is funded
- How funding agreements work
- Annual costs of a streamgage and cost drivers
- Funding challenges

Suggested Topics

- USGS National Streamgage Network
- Funding Agreements
- Costs





USGS Streamgaging Networks "A Network of Networks"

National Streamflow Network

- 8,200+ streamgages providing continuous streamflow
- Funding from ~1,400 Federal, State, local, and Tribal
- Multiple partner and USGS objectives
 - USGS Cooperative Matching Funds offset costs

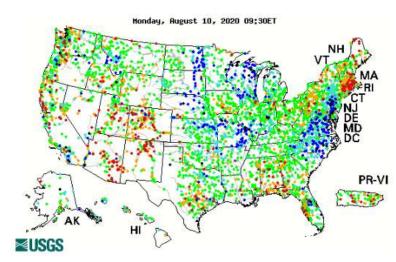
<u>Federal Priority Streamgages</u> Network

- Montana: 50 fully-funded; 3 partially-funded
- Funding from Congressional appropriation
- Designed to meet 5 Federal needs
 - Forecasting / Water-Quality / Compacts / Key Basins / Sentinel Watersheds

Basins / Sentinel Watersheds

Eberts, S.M., Woodside, M.D., Landers, M.N., and Wagner, C.R., 2018, Monitoring the pulse of our Nation's rivers and streams—The U.S. Geological Survey streamgaging network: U.S. Geological Survey Fact Sheet 2018–3081, 2 p., https://doi.org/10.3133/fs20183081.





USGS Streamgaging Funding

General

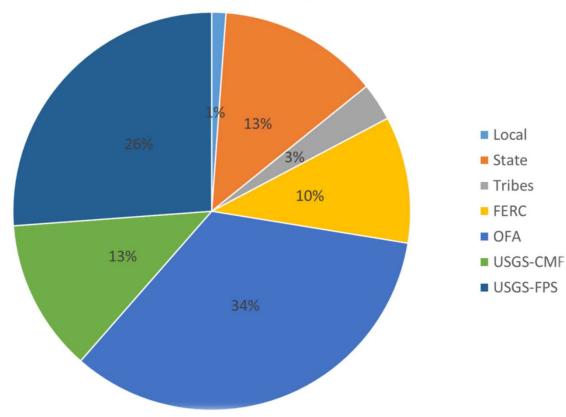
Funding sources*

- ~1/3 Local, State, Tribes, and FERC licensees
- ~1/3 Other Federal Agencies
- ~1/3 USGS
 - Cooperative Matching Funds
 - Federal Priority
 Streamgage funds

*WY-MT WSC



USGS Streamgaging Funding by Partner Type



USGS Streamgaging Funding *Cooperative Matching Funds*

Purpose of Cooperative Matching Funds

- Supports USGS data and studies to address partner needs
- Provides partial funding to offset total costs
- Ensures science is consistent and comparable

Eligibility for Using

- · Entities with taxing authority
- Match up to 50% of partner funds

Competition for Funds

- Fixed allocation to Center
- Used by data and studies programs
- Results in match percentage less than 50%

Joint Funding Agreements (JFA)

18 Montana partners with at least one JFA for streamgaging





USGS Streamgaging Funding *Joint Funding Agreements**

State Agencies

- Bureau of Mines and Geology
- Department of Environmental Quality
- Department of Natural Resources and Conservation
- Department of Transportation
- Wyoming State Engineer's Office

Tribal Governments

- Blackfeet Nation
- Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes
- Fort Peck Assiniboine & Sioux Tribes
- Northern Cheyenne Tribes



Counties

- Granite County
- Lewis and Clark County

Municipalities and Utilities

- City of Bozeman
- Big Sky Water and Sewer

Districts

- East Bench Irrigation District
- Flathead Conservation District
- Madison Conservation District
- Petroleum County Conservation District
- Teton County Conservation District

^{*}Does not include all Wyoming partners

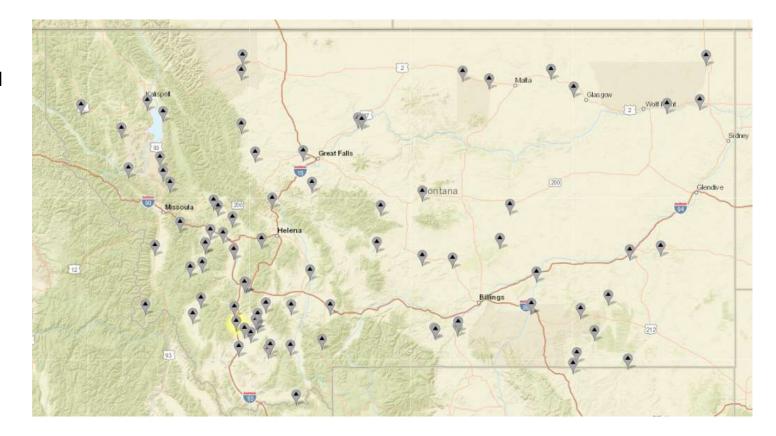
USGS Streamgaging Funding *Joint Funding Agreements*

Streamflow

- 82 total
- 54 year-round
- 28 seasonal

Stage-only

1 seasonal





USGS Streamgaging Funding *Other Streamgaging Partners**

Other Federal Agencies

- Bonneville Power Administration
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers –
 Omaha; Seattle Districts
- U.S. Bureau of Reclamation –
 Great Plains; Pacific Northwest
- U.S. Department of State –
 International Joint Commission
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- Glacier National Park
- Yellowstone National Park

FERC Licensees

- Avista Corporation
- Energy Keepers, Incorporated
- NorthWestern Energy

Collaborative Agreements

- Big Hole Watershed Committee (water-temperature)
- Sibanye-Stillwater
- Talen Montana
- Tongue River Water Users Association



^{*}Does not include all Wyoming partners

USGS Streamgaging Funding *Federal Priority Streamgages*

Purpose

Federally-funded streamgaging network addressing National priorities and responsibilities
 Criteria

- Streamgage meets one or more of 5 Federal needs
 - Forecasting / Water-Quality / Compacts / Key Basins / Sentinel Watersheds

Montana – Status of FPS Network

- Eligible
 - 156 active, discontinued, and proposed
- FPS funded
 - 50 fully-funded
 - 3 partially-funded

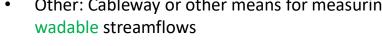




USGS Streamgaging Costs Example Scope

Installation

- Site reconnaissance and selection; acquisition of instrumentation, equipment, and supplies; prefabrication and bench testing; database configuration; and construction and datum establishment
- Infrastructure typically consists of a weatherproof steel enclosure approximately 3-ft by 2-ft by 1-ft mounted on vertical timbers or posts; a galvanized-pipe mast for an antenna and solar panel; a pressure-transducer orifice assembly routed from the enclosure to the stream OR a bridge-mounted radar stage-sensor; and one (or more) 3ft staff plate(s) reference gage OR a bridge-mounted wire-weight reference gage
- Other: Cableway or other means for measuring non-







USGS Streamgaging Costs

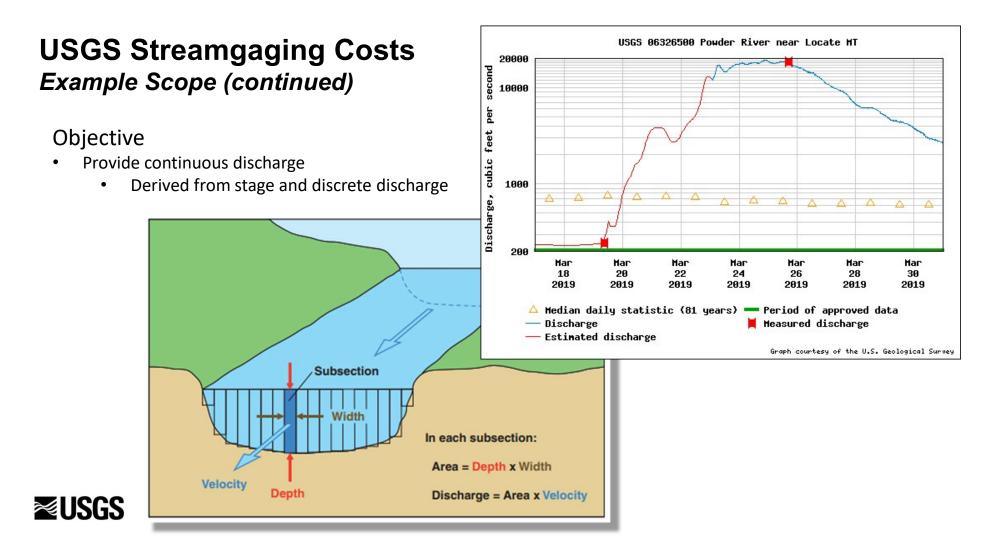
Example Scope (continued)

Operation and Maintenance

- year-round, continuous 15-minute gage-height and streamflow data
- 8 to 10 discharge measurements per year
- satellite **telemetry** providing current conditions every hour
- data, statistics, and other products publicly-accessible
- quality assurance measures including field validation of streamgage datum; analysis and approval of all measurements and records
- database maintenance; permanent archival of all data and data products
- repair and (or) replacement of equipment and instrumentation
- National support including technical specialists, periodic audits, and database enhancements
- Center support including management and administrative functions; facilities; and vehicles



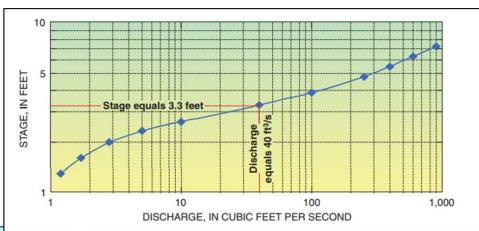


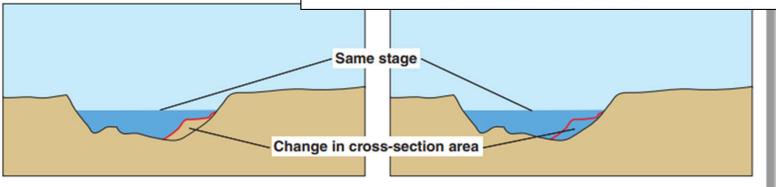


USGS Streamgaging Costs *Example Scope (continued)*

Operation and Maintenance (continued) – The Stage-Discharge Relation (i.e. Rating)

- Site dependent
 - Function of controlling feature(s)
- · Empirically derived
 - Discharge measurements
 - Range in observed stages
- Continual maintenance Shifts







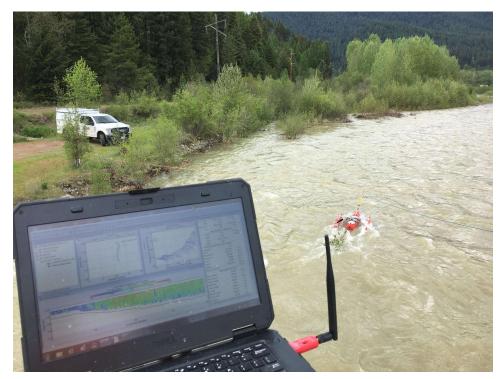
USGS Streamgaging Costs Example Costs

Total Costs

- Installation: Site dependent
 - ~\$ 7,800
- Operation and Maintenance (late FY20)
 - \$18,265 Year-round streamgage
 - \$12,800 7-month streamgage
 - Inclusion of USGS-CMF reduces total costs
 - Funds assessed prior to allocation
 - Proportional to USGS-CMF amount

Cost Distributions (O&M)

•	Salary	43.6%
•	Travel/Vehicles	9.0%
•	Equipment/Supplies	7.8%
•	Support	39.6%





Wyoming-Montana Water Science Center Resources

Kirk Miller

Data Section Chief kmiller@usgs.gov

w: 307-775-9168 m: 307-630-0782

John Kilpatrick

Center Director jmkilpat@usgs.gov

w: 406-457-5902 m: 406-465-2385

Joanna Thamke

Associate Center Director for Studies jothamke@usgs.gov

w: 406-457-5923 m: 406-422-6843

Water Science Center Home Page

https://www.usgs.gov/centers/wy-mt-water/

Montana Current Conditions

https://waterdata.usgs.gov/mt/nwis/current/?type=flow

Other USGS Resources

- USGS WaterWatch https://waterwatch.usgs.gov/
- USGS WaterNow <u>https://www.usgs.gov/mission-areas/water-resources/science/waternow</u>
- USGS WaterAlert https://maps.waterdata.usgs.gov/mapper/wateralert/



Wyoming-Montana Water Science Center Resources (continued)

Other USGS programs

- Integrated Water Availability Assessments (IWAA)
- Next Generation Water Observing Systems (NGWOS)

Selected USGS streamgaging references

Kenney, T.A., 2010, Levels at gaging stations: U.S. Geological Survey Techniques and Methods 3-A19, 60 p., online at https://pubs.usgs.gov/tm/tm3A19/.

Mueller, D.S., 2016, QRev—Software for computation and quality assurance of acoustic Doppler current profiler moving-boat streamflow measurements—User's manual for version 2.8: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 2016–1052, 50 p., online at https://pubs.er.usgs.gov/publication/ofr20161052.

Mueller, D.S., Wagner, C.R., Rehmel, M.S., Oberg, K.A., and Rainville, Francois, 2013, Measuring discharge with acoustic Doppler current profilers from a moving boat (ver. 2.0, December 2013): U.S. Geological Survey Techniques and Methods, book 3, chap. A22, 95 p., online at https://pubs.usgs.gov/tm/3a22/.

Rantz, S.E., and others, 1982, Measurement and computation of streamflow: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper 2175, vol. 1 and 2, 631 p., online at https://pubs.usgs.gov/wsp/wsp2175/.

Sauer, V.B., 2002, Standards for the analysis and processing of surface-water data and information using electronic methods: U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources Investigations Report 01-4044, 91 p., online at https://pubs.er.usgs.gov/djvu/WRI/wrir 01 4044.pdf.

Sauer, V.B., and Turnipseed, D.P., 2010, Stage measurement at gaging stations: U.S. Geological Survey Techniques and Methods book 3, chap. A7, 45 p., online at https://pubs.usgs.gov/tm/tm3-a7/.

Turnipseed, D.P., and Sauer, V.B., 2010, Discharge measurements at gaging stations: U.S. Geological Survey Techniques and Methods book 3, chap. A8, 87 p., online at https://pubs.usgs.gov/tm/tm3-a8/.







